DAILY UNION VEDETE

A champion brave, alert and strong.... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

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Camp Douglas, U. T., Wednesday Morning, May 11, 1864.

[No. 108.

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From Alpine City and Codar Valley, on Fridays, 5 r. M.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,) May 7th, 1864.

May 7th, 1864.

Editor Vedette: In justice to the memory of Joseph Smith the martyr, being a firm believer in his divine mission. I feel myself in duty bound to defend his character, and disabuse the public mind in relation to doctrinal points advocated by the leaders of Utah, as emanations from and teachings of Joseph Bmith's doctrines, in and of themselves having a tendency to corrupt, demoralize and sink those aflured by them into the lowest depths of degradation; to become demons in human shape, lost to every feeling of holiness, virtue and integrity. These doctrines have by degrees crept into this so-called Church of Latter Day Saints in Utah, taught not by Joseph Smith, but by the present leaders, who cannot be recognized as other than wicked apostates from the truth of the Gospel of Jesus, as revealed both in ancient and modern Scriptures. It is an insult to the dead, and blasphemous in the sight of Heaven, to say for one mement

It is an insult to the dead, and blasphemous in the sight of Heaven, to say for one moment that the present embodiment of sin and abomination, with all its train of misery and wretchedness was built upon the foundation laid by Joseph Smith. On the contrary, we emphatically and fearlessly affirm that in the hearts of these men who, without Divine appointment, have assumed the leadership, have these vile machinations and doctrins of devils been concected solely for the purpose of satisfying

vile machinations and doctrins of devils been concocted solely for the purpose of satisfying their own wicked lusts and insatiable ambition for power and gain.

We ask, did Joseph Smith teach treason to the Government of the United States, and defiance to its laws, as we from time to time hear from the public rostrum in Utah? No, verily no. Read the Book of Doctrine and Covenants, in which the Saints are commanded to keep the laws of the land until Jesus comes, whose right it is to reign, that he who keeps whose right it is to reign, that he who keeps the law of God has no need to break the law of the land. Did Joseph Smith teach the Saints to sympathize with Secessionists, to glory when they obtained a momentary triumph over the legal constituted authorities of the lend? No verils no latthe Reveletion amph over the legal constituted authorities of the land? No, verily no. In the Revelation given through the Prophet, published to the world, alluding to the present insurrection, God calls the movement of the South rebel-lion, and rebellion is as the sin of witchcraft, punishable with death. Let God be true, but every man who contradicts his holy word a liar. Did Joseph Smith teach 'twas right to murder a man who differed from his brother in religious belief, who chose to worship God in religious belief, who chose to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience—as found in the published pharisaical, hypocritical sermons, "kill them to save them because they love them so?" Verily no. Joseph taught, as found in the Doctrine and Covenants. "Thou shalt not kill. For the murderer hath no forgiveness in this world

nor the world to come."

Did Joseph Smith teach polygamy to this Church? Answer, ye leaders of the flock in Utah! Turn to the "Times and Seasons," four months before the Prophet's death. There, in bold relief, read the testimony of Joseph and Hyrum, calling it a false and corrupt doctring. Read your own testimonies. Joseph and Hyrum, calling it a false and corrupt doctrine. Read your own testimonies, declaring it to be abominable in the sight of God, and naught but a wicked and corrupt heart could have imagined, much less contrived it! Let your ewn words rest like burning coals of fire upon your souls, unless ye repent and turn from your iniquity.

You publicly denied polygamy, calling upon God and Angels to witness the truth of your assertions, and now say, ye were preaching it all the time privately. What manner of men are ye? Is the Kingdom of God to be built up with lies and perjury for its

be built up with lies and perjury for its foundation? Did Joseph Smith teach the or-ganization of these secret societies, with penal oaths, etc.? No, never! but Gadianton did, and the Book of Mormon informs us they were handed down from the first murderer, Cain. Hear what the Prophet, Joseph, teaches in a letter published in the "Millenial Star," vol. 1st, page 193; also, in the "Times and Seasons," as follows: "We further caution our sons," as follows: "We further caution our brethren against the impropriety of the organization of bahds or companies, by covenants, oaths, penalties or secresies, but let the time past of our experience and suffering, by the wickedness of Dr. Avard, suffice; and let our covenants be that of the everlasting covenant as it is contained in the Holy Writ. Pure friendship always becomes weaker the moment you undertake to make it strong by penal oaths and secresy."

Did Joseph Smith teach the building of theaters—the opening of har rooms, where the name of God is incessantly taken in vain? Did he teach that the leaders of the church of Christ should inhabit fine palaces, and revel in luxury, while the poor are starving even

unto death, and hundreds upon hundreds of them, are now being fed by the very Gentiles you are daily abusing—while the "tithing," which God says is first to be applied to the needy, until they are amply supplied, is speculated upon to heap riches after riches to yourselves! Did the Prophet Joseph, teach these things! No, never! but, King Noah practiced them, as recorded in the Book of Mormon, page 167.

Gease then to father your abominations upon the Prophet Joseph, lest speedy judgment overtake ye.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

CATRO, May 6th. Advices from Alexandria to the 25th ult., report Banks' army still there, but probably soon to move towards Pierre. Major-General Hunter had arrived at Alexandria,

A steamer which arrived at Memphis, reports that Sterns army had re-turned to Little Rock; he was fol-lowed by Price's army and continually harassed. At Sabine Fork the rebels were turned upon and repulsed after a severe battle, in which, the loss was about equal on both sides. Marma-duke is reported on his march to join Price, when it was supposed they intended a joint attack upon Little Rock.

Discoveries have been made in this city, which confirm the statement published some time since, of the negotiations between certain parties at the North, and the rebel General Kirby Smith, whereby, the latter was to secure to the former, all the Confederate cotton west of the Mississippi river, and receive in return, goods and ammunition. Several prominent business men in this city, were argently solicited by parties of wealth and influence at the East, to join in the enterprise, Gen. Smith to act as agent, but he declined; the project has since been successful carried out to some extent. S. L. Casey of Caseyville, Ky., in connection with Wm. Butler of Springfield, Ill., late State Treasurer, are named as prominent agents in accomplishing it, the Treasury Department having furnished permits to pass the cotton; a portion however, has been stopped at New Orleans by Banks, notwithstanding the permits and orders of the Treasury Department.

Cairo, May 7th. On the 27th ult. the rebels planted a battery between Alexandria and Fort DeRussey, and attacked our fleet of gunboats and transports. One of each was lost. The gunboat Natchez was so much disabled that she had to be towed to Natchez. Two shells exploded inside, completely riddling the

WASHINGTON, May 7. The law recently passed makes proisions for the permanent settlement of the Indians of Utah in Uintah valley of that Territory. The bill appropriates \$30,000 for agricultural improvements to enable them to become

self-sustaining.
Gen, Canby has been appointed Maj General and ordered to the command of the department of Louisians and Arkansas

Maj Gens French, Key and Bean, have been mustered out of the volun-

teer service by order of the President The Senate has confirmed Medoran Crawford as Collector of internal reve

nooga affair, affirms positively that Sherman's army would be moved again on the 2d. The force is large and in the best spirits. Letters from Bull's Gap, Tenn., to the 27th ult., announce the destruction of the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad for a distance of fifteen miles, between Lick creek and Greenville, Tenn., by a brigade of troops belonging to Gen. Cox's command. Every bridge and railroad tie in the whole extent of fifteen miles was burned, the rails bent and the road left in such a condition that it cannot be repaired for menths. Another expedition left Bull's Gap on the 24th to destroy the railroad bridge over the Wantogs, fifty-five miles from the Gap. Our forces had a fight during the movement with a body of the ing the movement with a body of the enemy under Mud Wall Jackson, completely routing him. On their return the troops burned all the bridges and tore up the entire track at all points within reach.

New York, May 8th.

New York, May 8th.

The following has been received at Washington the 8th: To General Dix:—We have no official reports from the front, but, the Medical Director notified the Surgeon General, that our wounded are being sent to Washington, and will number six to eight thousand. The Chief Quartermaster of the Army of the Potomae, made a requisition for seven days grain, and for railroad transportation trains, and states that the enemy is reported retiring. This indicates Gen. Grant's advance, and affords an inference of advance, and affords an inference of material success on our part. The enemy's strength has always been most felt in his first blows, and their having failed, and our forces not only having maintained their ground, but, are preparing for an advance, leads to the hope of a full and complete suc-cess. A dispatch from Gen, Sherman dated 5 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, states that General Thomas occupied Tunnel Hill, where he expected a bat-tle, and that the enemy had taken a tle, and that the enemy had taken a position at Buzzard Roost Pass, north of Dalton. There had been some skirmishing, but no real fight had taken place. Nothing later from General Banks. It is designed to give an accurate statement of what is known to the Department in this great crisis, and withhold nothing from the public. Signed:

STANTON.

MEMPHIS, May 3.

The steamer White Cloud, from Alexandria the 2st, brings the following:
Gen. Banks and army are still there. ploded inside, completely riddling the boat and killing eighteen men, besides wounding a number.

The rebels are reported three miles distant. Skirmishing occurred daily. The Hastings sunk above Alexandria. and the Champion, (No. 8 or 4) with submarine pamps on board, and been attacked by the rebel battery forty miles below Grand Bcore, and barned Banks continues very unpopular with the army. Matters look badly. Gen. Hunter returned to New Orleans, and Gen Smith's division crossed Red river. at Alexandria, on the 30th, to look after Harrison. The rebels were hovering on that bank.

Nxw Your, May 1th.

Col. Hoffman Commissary General
of prisoners made a report to the Secretary of War on the condition of the
released prisoners recently arrived at
Annapolis, "He describes it as horrinue for the district of Oregon.

New York, May 7th.

A private letter after the Chattato render their recovery very doubtful. ble in the extreme. Out of 370

The reported success of General Grant's great forward movement is confirmed in all important particulars by the telegrams published today, and we take great pleasure in announcing the beginning of the earnest war against treason, and in reiterating our previonsly expressed opinion, that this campaign ends the war and crushes secession, so that its harsh notes shall never again be heard under the folds of the Stars and Stripes. It seems that the announcement per telegram of the burning and evacuation of Petersburg, was premature, and was merely the result of conjecture on the part of those who saw the lights of many fires in that direction.

But notwithstanding this, the effect is about the same, since the only object in seizing Petersburg would be to cut off communication with the country to the south of Richmond-which has been effectually accomplished by Gen. Butler, who is now between Richmond and Petersburg, and a portion of whose forces are stated authoritatively as being within ten miles of the Rebel Capital. In a few days we trust to have the satisfaction of informing our readers that Richmond is again under the Flag of the Union. God speed the day!

In a letter published on to-day's outside and signed "Vox Populi," will be found statements which are well worthy of being weighed by such persons as believe in the mission and authority of Joseph Smith-in whom a majority of this community place confidence as a Prophet, etc.

While we are not ourselves actuated by any such belief, we deem it but fair to allow such persons as believe they can show forth abuses, political, religious or otherwise in this or any other community, fully to ventilate in our columns whatever of wrongs they may discover, and while in the polemical controversy now raging between the two sects in the so-called Mormon Church, we are in doctrine a believer in neither; yet we must own up to a sympa thy with that one of the two which inscribes upon its banners, loyalty to the Constitution and obedience to the laws.

EXTRA STATE PAY. The Treasurer of the State of California advertises for proposals for the bonds of that State, authorized to be issued by the Legislature of 1863; the object being to have money on hands in the Treasmry for the payment to the volunteers (whose time will soon expire) of the \$5 per month extra pay from the State, guaranteed them by the "Act for the Relief of the California Volunteers," approved April 27th, 1863. The whole amount to be raised is \$600,000-for which bonds drawing seven per cent, payable semi-annually, are offered. The bids will be considered on the 2d of June next, and thereafter the soldiers will not be obliged to resort to brokers and agents for procuring the pay justly due them from the State—as they have too often been obliged to do heretofore.

Accuses. -The horses attached to Surgeon Reid's carriage ran away on yesterday morning, in the city, and overturned the vehicle alt Lake City Theater. Mrs. Reid was in the carriage at the time, and was seriously injured by the overthrow.

BY OVERLAND TELEBRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4th.

SAILED Steamer Constitution for Panama with 215 passengers and \$1,-179,611 in treasure, \$899,381 of which Lee's army. goes to England. Asset to the

A fair amount of exchange sold; coin bills 426 per cent. premium; sterling 48@483; money in demand at 11/12 per cent.—still depressed. Interior press are unanimous in condemning the five per cent. tax on mines as excessive and unjust.

ere contributed to the Sanitary Fund. confined in jail. within the last two days.

San Francisco, May 5th. Jobbers are doing a large business; orders from the interior are liberal; the Spring trade has fairly begun, and the general disposition of country traders, is to stock up heavily, having high prices in view; importers, on the contrary, are selling freely, to reimburse themselves on the heavy duties.

Produce arrivals, light, and prices hardening.

The Constitution took two hundred bales of Mexican wool for New York.

The California powder works at Santa Cruz, are now in successful operation, and will soon have powder in the market.

The bark Oldenburg arrived from Hougkong with six hundred and fifty thousand pounds of Manila sugar; she brought no news.

San Francisco, May 7th. SAILED-Ship Valparaiso for Callao. The aggregate business of the past week has been unusually large for the reason of our spring trade being under full headway. A sale of confiscated Chinese wine realized yesterday about \$50,000, since then a number of the jars prove to contain nothing but sweetened water.

Another California fire insurance company has been organized here, with a capital of \$200,000.

John S. Chipman, formerly Congressman from Michigan, has been arrested and sent to Fort Alcatraz for grossly disloyal language at a Democratic meeting in this city.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

NEW YORK, May 7th.

By the steamer Ocean Queen: The Government of Nicaragua has concluded a contract with Capt. Pine, for the construction of an inter-oceanic

Advices from Lima state that the questions between Peru and Spain had reached an alarming stage. The Spanish Minister having been refused recognition, sent an ultimatum to the Peruvian government, which was returned unopened, and he left the country. Some reports speak of a Spanish squadron taking possession of the Chincha

Andes, in Chili, has lost none of its inferest there. The reports of the Surveyor General, says there are no serious obstacles to be encountered.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 7th.

Port Royal papers to the 5th, state that Florida, Georgia and South Carolina, are nearly depleted of rebel troops who have been sent North to join

Hilton Head.

Savannah on the 17th ult. The women

arrested and

WASHINGTON, May 8th.

Alexandria Intimation having been given that he designed to leave that at 3 o'clock Lee was in full retreat position, positive orders from Grant through Spottsylvania. When the require him to afford protection to the gunboats. His force is strong enough under competent command, to bid defiance to any force the rebels can bring against him. Arrangements for supplies are to be made with energy and celerity, by Gen. Canby, who has gone forward with special instructions.

WASHINGTON, May 8.

On Friday an attack was made by Longstreet on the right, while the rebel troops under Hill, were hurled in like manner against the left wing, composed of Hancock's corps and Warren's corps. The centre was also engaged in assaults, and the fighting continued with hardly any intermission for two days; but yesterday morning Lee having failed completely in his object, withdrew from the engagement, leaving the army of the Potomac in possession of the ground, and a large number of the rebels killed and wounded.

Herald's correspondence from the James river of the 7th, says it is most positive now that the city of Petersburg has been evacuated. There is a tremendous fire raging in that vicinity. The only solution we can give is that the rebels have set fire to the extensive mills and factories located there.

CINCINNATI, May 9th.

Specials from Western Virginia announce the arrival of Gen. Crook's command at Princeton. This portion of Averill's command was sent out to cut off communication between Virginia and East Tennessee. The enemy, 2,500 strong, retreated, leaving their camp in our possession.

CAIRO, May 9th.

From Alexandria we learn that the enemy attacked Greensville (a small town opposite), but were driven back by gunboats. They drove in the pickets and took several Federals. The force now at Alexandria is reported 35,000 strong. The rebel force is quite heavy, under Kirby Smith, Magruder, Taylor and others. A flag of truce, with a demand for the surrender of Alexandria was sent to Banks, on the day the boat left; with what result is few days since, has generally subsided.

BALTIMORE, May 9th.

Fortress Monroe dates say the report of the capture of Petersburg on the 6th is incorrect.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9th. We give the following special to the

Evening Telegraph:

Washington, 9th. Communication has been opened with Smith and Gil-Admiral Dahlgren, has arrived at more, who are near Richmond, and have been fighting. No fighting yes-A great female riot occurred at terday. Our army is believed to be advancing successfully. Frederickscollected in a body with arms, and burg is occupied, the railroad being patroled the streets in procession, under repair. Star extra says Grant ington: Twelve trains of wounded demanded bread or blood! They seized has a field full of prisoners and had are on the way from the front; the food wherever found. The soldiers advanced to Spottsylvania C. H. A hospitals are ready for their reception. Ship Aquilla has been partly raised were called out, and after a brief converbal message received at Halleck's Reports from rebel sources say that

the army, states that the the enemy having fallen At the last dates Bank's was at twelve miles leaving their dead and wounded on the field. On Saturday messenger left, Hancock was ent the place in pursuit. Butler is reported within ten miles of Richmond.

LOUISVILLE, May 9th.

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A aquad of guerrillas mude statel into Princeton, Caldwell county, Ky, on the 4th and robbed the stores of large amount of goods of they stole many horses. Rumors from Nashville say Johnson retreated from Dalten to Atlanta. Sherman's forces passed the Tunnel without opposition and are outflanking the rebels at Buzzard's Roost.

Sr. Louis, May 9th. at The Democrat publishes the following: The expedition of Gen. Steele towards Shreveport, is ended. A gentleman conversant with the facts has arrived here and communicates the following in regard to the expedition: Steele found no stores to subsist his troops, and had to reduce the allowance to quarter rations, and as the movement was to be co-operative with the main one of Bank's, which bad failed, there remained no course but to return to Little Rock. Price undertook to retain Steele at Camden, while Marmaduke with a strong force set off for Little Rock, (which has to thank Steele for the safety of the Arkaneas Capital with its Union population and millions of dollars worth of Federal stores, for its rescue.) His army broke through Price's set out to get to Little Rock in time to save it from Marmaduke, who was making every exertion on the route to bag his proposed game. At Sabine Fork it became necessary to give Price battle, which was handsomely done. He drove the rebels from the field. The fight was protracted and bloody, lasting three or four hours, but resulted in a complete repulse of the enemy leaving Steele to resume his exciting race with Marmaduke. The latter approached Little Rock, throwing shells into camp on the afternoon of the let. Shortly afterwards, Carr's cavalry came up and joining the troops at the Post, compelled Marmaduke to relinquish his undertaking. He made a little resistance, as the main body of not known. The alarm which existed Steele's army was rapidly arriving: The project of a railroad across the at different points along the river, a During the entire march from Camdeu, the troops were constantly skirmishing with the enemy, who hung upon their rear and flanks strenuously endeavoring to impede their progress. There were no ambulances for the wounded and they had to be left at the houses of residents on the road. Our informant represents Steele's cavalry as deplorably deficient in horses. Price's forces are still lingering in the vicinity, and were stripping that often desolated country anews aredirer.

NEW YORK, May 9th. News by specials are meagre. The Tribune has the following, dated WashLee was wounded. The Tribune says the situation may be thus epitomised On Thursday the army sustained suc. cessfully, a fierce attack of the bulk of Lee's army; on Friday we attacked and drove them some distance, taking all their severely wounded, prisoners. and won an indecisive victory; on Saturday, no fighting. Lee is believed to be retiring.

NEW YORK, May 7th. The following was received at Washington 9th, 101 a. m. :

ton

To Gen. Dix : Intelligence is received this morning by scouts direct from the army as late as Saturday evening. but no official reports as yet. The genal results may be stated as a success to our arms. The fighting on Friday was the most desperate known in modern times. Gen. Wadsworth was killed while leading his troops against one of the enemy's strongest positions. Gen. Webb is wounded. The condition of our army is represented as admirable. At the latest accounts Han cock was pushing forward rapidly by the left-for Spottsylvania Court House, and yesterday heavy cannonading was heard at Acquia Creek from that direction. We lost some prisoners. One regiment of Pennsylvania reserves charged through an abattis of the enemy but were unable to get back and most of them were captured. We have taken a large number of prisoners, supposed more than we lost. Artillery was not much used on either side in the first two days fight. Sherman was heard from last night; he would attack the rebels to-day.

> STANTON. Signed: WASHINGTON, May 9, 111, a, m.

To Gen. Dix :- The Department has just received from Gen. Butler, Gen. Lee's official report of the operations of Friday. He says his loss in killed is not large, but has many wounded He states that our forces attacked them and caused some confusion. He is grieved to announce that Longstreet was severely wounded, Gen. Jenkins killed, and Gen. Pegram badly wounded on Thursday. He thanks a merciful God, that every advance of Grant has been repulsed. The belief here is, that Grant is achieving a complete victory. Signed: STANTON.

OLD WILDERNESS, May 6th, 9 p. m. The most terrific battle yet fought was brought to a close to-day. Lee's entire army made repeated furious assaults upon our right and left wings, commanded by Hancock and Sedgwick, with temporary success, but have been driven back with great slaughter. A simultaneous attack was made about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, which was gallantly repulsed. Towards dark they concentrated upon our extreme right, and fell suddenly toon Sedgwick, crushing in the position of his line. Sedgwick, however, succeeded in reforming his line, and securing it against further disaster, and the enemy withdrew from the front under cover of the darkness. Our losses are heavy. Our army to-day certainly baffled all the offensive efforts of the enemy. An almost impenetrable [wood which covered the battle

ing defeat, agit enabled them to conceal their movements almost perfectly, until the very moment of their execution, on bord

CHICAGO, May 9th.

EDITORS -I have sent you everything received here, in regard to the battles of Thursday and Friday. The accounts of the battles of Wednesday, are probably exaggerated, as nothing has been received in regard to it, except the one dispatch sent you on Saturday. WOOLEN, AND

MANA THE VERY LATEST. Gen. Ingalls telegraphed from Old Wilderness Tavern, 111 on Saturday, that the enemy are said to be retiring. Gen. Butler telegraphs that he made a demonstration against the railroad between Petersburg and Richmond, and succeeded after pretty severe fighting, in breaking communication. Beauregard commands the rebel forces at Petersburg and Richmond. This authentic account disposes of the

The St. Joseph Herald, of a recent date, mentions sixty wagons crossing the river at that point in a single day, all bound for Idaho and Colorado Territories. One wagon, from Maine, bore the following words painted on the cover:

statement that the rebels evacuated

and burned Petersburg .- [Operator.

"Bound for Bannock, the land of Conscripts, Injins and Mormon

widows." "Our motto-Ritches or more pov-

A sleepy church warden, who often played at cards, hearing the

minister de the words shafile off this mortal coil," started up, rubbing his eyes, and exclaimed—"Hold on it's my deal ?" I I I I I I I I I

JOHN AVONDET, W Near Public Square, 8th Ward, Salt Lake City Coats, Pantaloons, Vests and all manicfs, Ribbons, Gloves, etc., cleaned and renovated the shortest hotice and in the most approved style my10-1m

MOITATSTRAYED. TROO SO

A BLACK NEWFOUNDLAND PUP, about four mouths old; answers to the name of "Relia at four white feet, white half time on neek, white breast and toff tip, find on leather collar when lost. Any one returning him to the Subsistence Storehouse, Great Salt Lake City, will be liberally rewarded.

daple , an I DOTHY. OAD. ele. **AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT.**

Virginia City, Idaho Territory.

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VIRGINIA HOTEL. VIRGINIA CITY, L T.

The proprietor is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage, and assures them, they will find at his Hotel every conflort in the way of Lodgings—wile the Tables will be furnished with the best the market affords.

Fine Corral Accommodations On the premises; also, an Insurance Ranch where all kinds of stock may be turned out with perfect scenity ap 23p6w.

M. W. BROWN

FOR SALE.

Sixty Head of Large American Mules, in good condition. 15 dichigan Wagops, 35 Sets of Harness. 15 July 12 The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars inquire at the Salt Lake House of W. F. WOOD. G. S. L. City, May 24, 1884.

FOR SALE. ground, saved the reliels from a crush-

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE EAST BANNACK CYTY.

IDAHO TERRITORY. E great through U.S. mail to East Bannack will eave Salt Lake City twice a week, (every Monday Thursday morning,) at 8 o'clock, A.M., in splendid four horse Troy conches via Box Elder, Ocha Valley settlements and Soul Springs.

Schedule Time-5 days and 8 hours.

Over a portion of the route passengers will be con-eyed in Troy coaches, and the balance of the way in th spring wagons. Connections made at Bunnack ith express to Virginia, Nevada and Gallatin cities and the mining districts east of the mountains.

Every attention paid to passengers for Bunnack or termediate points.

Application for passage or information may be made to Mr. Samuel D. Sirrine, Salt Lake House, or to the audersigned, South Temple street, first block west of

apr27-16 L. J. SMITH, Proprietor. BLACKFOOT BUTTE FERRY.

This Ferry is now in complete running order, and is the Best and Safest Ferry on Snake River and is run-ning at Lower Rates than any other ferry in the Western Country.

EMIGRANTS and FREIGHTERS To East Bannack, Virginia, Boise Mines and Oregon will find it to their interest to travel by the way of this ferry for the simple reason that it is the BEST and NEARST road to any of the above places.

MEEKS & GIBSON,

appending of the day Kepp loteral arten Perran

GEORGE W. CLEAVELAND. CLEAVELAND & HEREFORD, Auction and Commission Merchants.

Capacious Storage, etc., etc., Nevada City, Idaho Territory.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY, BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for GOLD DUST AND COIN. Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Government Vouchers. Drafts payable in Coin or Currency

Boots, Shoes, Clothing apploy wor San Francisco, Calmidial Virginia City, Idaho, Denver City, Colorado, Atchinson, Kansas.

Portland, Oregon and Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. The Highest Price Paid to AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERB. MUTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co., BANKERS

Great Salt Lake City,

COIN, GOLD DUST and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond, with Metropolitan Bank, New York Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver. Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drovel & Uo. Philadelphia.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO. BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

The highest price paid for

COIN AND GOLD DUST.

Office in Godie & Billing a few door below the Salt Lake House, East Temple Street. aplp6m

ASSAY OFFICE. H. W. KRABSING, formarly of New York City. ASSAYER AND REFINER.

Having opened an office at Camp Douglas, is now prepared to make Assays of Orts of Gory description,
on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms; having
hat an experience of many years both in Now York
and California, he feels confident of giving satisfaction.
Office, first building East of the Cavalry quarters,
cavan Douglas.

PAXTON, THORNBURGH & CO., BANKERS,

Draw on

Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and San Francisco. Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants nd other securities.

Purchase Bullion, and advance on the same for Coin. Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact general Banking business.

PARTON, THORNIE ROH & CQ.

ASSAY OFFICE

Gold and Silve Reduce and Occoor of every description.
Melted and Assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin.
We guarantee the correctness of our Assays. THEALL& CO.

HAASSILIT SHIDAY Y

ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.

The papers contains call for a na-This valuable preparation containing in a highly con-centrated ferm all the properties of the Saunticia Ginger, has become one of the most popular deposition remotes, for all diseases of the stomach and digestive

organs.

As a tonic it will be found invaluable to all persons recovering from debiffity, whether produced by favor or otherwise, for white it imports to the system all the glow and vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy it is entirely free from the reactionary bulleting that follow the use of anxiety of contributions and the state of the contribution of the

low the use of sulving of any kind.
It is also an excellent remedy for females who suffer, from difficult menatruation, giving almost immediate relief to the spasms that so frequently accompany that period.

eriod.
It gives framediate relief to manaca, caused by riding in rullroad car, on by sea sickness or other causes.
It is also valuable as an external application for good, heumatism, neuralism, etc.
Ask for H-dington & Oo's Essence of Jamaica Ginger,

as none other is pure and reliable.

Reconstron & Co., Proprietors,

416 and 418 Front street,

was rephlsed with great loss. With Adams cavalry are hovering near this Stop that Coughing!

manifican below the cary for I

Some of you can't, and we plty you. You have tried every remedy but the oxylicatined, by its intrinsic merit, to supersede all similar preparations. It is not surprising you should be refucetant to try something else after the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds foisted on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S PULMONARY SYRUP

Is really the very best remedy ever compounded to the cure of Coughs, Colds, Size Throat, Asthma, Whoop-ing Cough, Brogelitts and Constitution. Thousands of people in California and Oregon have been already best-effed by the surprising curative powers of four sleder

rebel cavalry TIEWELL and PULMONAR TEST BUPAGE

march cans And with one accord give it their unqualified approba-tion. We now address ourselves to all who are unac-quainted with this, the greatest Eumese of the size, for the healing of all diseases of the Targat and Lungs, assuring you that

train and demolish every bridge heid him. Ist LLEW I mid build

PULMONARY SYMUR 2001 as cured thousands, and it will cure rou if you try it. This invaluable medicine is pleasant to the caste

soothing, heating and strengthening in its effects and tirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs, and perfectly harmless under all circumstances. Cartilicates from many prominent citizens of Sun!

> the disaster evilla WEN Had PULLIONARY SYREP, Tolle

by Steele would ha ture of Camden And for sale everywhere.

in the trans-Mississippi department

DR. TOWNSLEY'S INDIAN

VEGETABLE TOOTH ACHE ANODYNE Is purely a vegetable preparation, which is O

Warranted to Cure the Toothache in One Minute.

Caused by decay in the tooth. It will cure scurry out the gums. It will harden the gums and cause them to adhere to the teeth. It will cure gums holds, beal and remove all screness of the gums. At will sust too the breath. It will be found valuable for clindren cutting teeth, for having assolven gums. It is not Ludish preparation, and the recipe for making it was nurchased by the proprietor from the Pawnee tribe of Indians, in the Platto country.

Providence has provided in Nature plants and roots that are remedies for all the ills of someting humanity. This propagation contains at bottome in the arms of supering had after substances whatever. It has been extensively used with universal satisfaction in all cases?

Who would suffer with this most distressing affletion when one 25 cent bottle will cure instantaneously.

Sold by all the principal druggists, and by an all the REDUNERON & Donney of 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. ween Vicksburg and Vate

alldest rumers are in circulation state me guioneDr. aMottle alt tall gu

VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

arus Lawo, May Gile.

alt bars xor

Liver Complaint, Dyspensia, Costiveness, Fevers, and all Bilions Diseases.

guns were removed and she blown up These pills are made from vegetables, shemently extracted. After being used quee, the person having used them will use no others.

For sale by all Dealers in Fainty Medicines, to Close 1519 voc & L. Scoutt, & Dec, Proprieties to July Cincinnati, Obio, Cord

For sale everywhere, Try them! Try them!

ILE DINGTON & CO.

Inc. and all Front street, Sap Prancisco.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

NEW YORK, May 6. The papers contain a call for a national convention to be held at Cleveland on the 31st of May, for consultation in respect to the presidential election. The call declares that the one term principle, ought to be inflexibly adhered to, and that the callers don't recognize in the Baltimore Convention the essential conditions of a truly

National Convention.

NATCHEZ, May 2d.

-A rumor reached this place yesterday through rebel sources of a battle at Alexandria on Thursday, in which Dick Taylor was defeated. It is stated he made a vigorous assault upon the works recently erected there and was repulsed with great loss. Wirt Adams' cavalry are hovering near this city. Their movements are supposed to cover the crossing of arms and ammunition below this city for Kirby Smith. Gen. A. L. Lee and nineteen other officers are under arrest at New Orleans for declaring that the Red river expedition was not for fighting, but for thieving and speculation.

CEICAGO, May 7th. Gen. Steele left Camden for Little Rock on the 26th, being out of sup-plies. On the 13th he crossed the Saline river at Jenkin's Ferry, but be-fore crossing, was attacked by the rebels under Fagan. A portion of the rebel cavalry crossed the Saline and contined to harass Steele during the whole march causing considerable alarm. He was able however, to prevent the rebels doing him any injury, but found it necessary to destroy his train and demolish every bridge behind him. His cavalry reached Little Rock on the 1st, the main force being within four miles of that place. Little Rock and Pine Bluff are believed to be safe from any attempt of the enemy. Reinforcements have been sent to the latter place. The failure of General Steele is a necessary consequence of the disaster to Gen. Banks. Had the latter General been successful the capture of Camden by Steele would have had a strong influence in preventing

the rebels from retrieving their losses

in the trans-Mississippi department. CHICAGO, May 7.

Memphis papers of the 5th, say
Sturges' advance, 700 strong, with two pieces of artillery, encountered one of Forrest's brigades, 1,000 strong, near Bolivar, on Monday last. A fight of two hours resulted in the enemy being driven from his entrenchments across the river, burning the bridge behind him. We killed and wounded a number, and captured several. Our loss was two killed and ten wounded. Gen. Sturges is still in pursuit. The steamer Metropolis arrived at Memphis 4th, from Orleans, with intelligence that the rebels are concentrating at several points on both sides of the river. There is considerable excitement at Natibez, and an attack on that place is expected. More or less excitement existed at every town between Vicksburg and Natchez, and the wildest rumors are in circulation stating that the enemy are advancing on Port Hudson in two columns, with twenty-six pieces of artillery.

CAIRO, May 6th.

The officers just arrived from Alexandria report that the efforts to raise the Eastport are unsuccessful. Her guns were removed and she blown up. On the way back the 600 sent to her assistance were fired upon by a battery of 12 pounders on shore, and a fight ensued, in which we lost several

River Bluff, Arkansas, is reported captured by the rebels, but this needs confirmation.

RANSONOFF & CO.,

New Goods! New Goods!!

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING IN

French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,

etc., . . . etc., . . . etc.,

In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.

Also a Fine Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin.

may5-tf

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House

THE citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the travel-ing public are respectfully informed that the

mack Restaurant and Eating House situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House is now open, and the proprietor is prepared to furnish Board and Lodging on reasonable terms. jan8-tf JOS. D. BAYLISS.

JAMES LINFORTH, COMMISSION MERCHANT, 208 BATTERY STREET San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory. Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. ap2tf

SALE & FEED STABLES. COND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY HE Subscriber has complete accomm feeding and stabling stock of all kinds.

Corral Accommodation
On a liberal scale on the premises at Reasonable Rates
Particular attention given to the Selling of Stock.
aport
H. J. FAUST.

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR, Main St, opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City, CLOTHING of all kinds m bighest style of art. Particular attention paid rticular attention paid to the

Co-Partnership Notice.

WE have this day associated with us in business Meanrs. Courad Prag and Abraham Gans, of Sar Francisco, and the firm will bereafter be styled Rasso sory & Co., instead of Ransohoff Bro., as heretofore. BANSOHOFF BRO. apr6ti 8. L. City, April 4th, 1864.

Notice.

ving been appointed by His Excellency, the ernor of California, a Commissioner of Dec State of California, I am prepared to enter duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store. Doeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the abortest notice, and on casonable terms.

Acknowledgements

CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS RESTAURANT.

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Dougla Meals at all hours between Revielle and Tattoe. JULIAN AVET, Prop'r.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

CITIZENS OF UTAH,

Bring in Your Produce!! A. GILBERT.

(Next door to the Salt Lake House,) calls special atten-tion to his large and well selected

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

COTTON. WOOLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS. BILKS, DRILLINGS, CALICOES, FLANNELS

and other

STAPLES,

Selected Expressly for this Market

offers on reasonable terms,

GROCERIES. COFFEE CANDLES, SUGARS, SOAP, etc.,

HARDWARK CUTTLERY, CROCKERY,

etc.

On Terms to Suit.

EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

ATTENTION!

IMMENSE SACRIFICE!!

NEW CALIFORNIA GOODS FOR SALE. AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

CHEAP AND GOOD.

FOR COST AND TRANSPORTATION!

Wormser & Co.,

Have just opened a Splendid Assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, etc.

LADIES WOOLEN DRESSES, SHAWLS, OPERA FLANNELS, MERINOS, ETC., ETC., ETC.,

Of the Latest and Choicest Patterns.

All Kinds of

LINEN GOODS AND CALICOES, LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES FANCY TRIMMINGS,

LADIES GLOVES, ETC.

CALIFORNIA BLANKETS. DOMESTIC AND STAPLE GOODS,

of Every Variety, and

YANKER NOTIONS.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

At the New Store, Main Street, next to Crony

TELEGRAPH COAL 84 per ton.

DARTIES can be supplied with Coal at the iers left at the Triograph Office of at a

GRO. W. CARLETON. Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864.

SALT! SALT!!

TABLE SALT
Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good siyls as shortest notice. Also, a superior sacks furnished in any quantity, or application.

ARMY PROPOSALS PROPOSALS FOR L. U. S.A.

SUBSISTENCE SUPPLIES

EALED PROPOSALS will be received at the U. S. Commissary of Substance in of Utah in this City until the 20th day of: I furnishing the following named Substance

Three hundred and twenty-six theo
000) pounds, more or less, of fresh bee
dressed in the usual manner, (necks, shar
ney tallow excluded,) for the troop statis
Douglas, to be delivered at that place, a
and in such quantities as the commanda
direct.

The delivery to commence on the first
1864, and end on the 30th day of Jane, 18 and, FLOUR.

Five hundred and fifty thousand (150 and put more or less, of A No. 1 flour, in good and substant sacks, containing 100 libs each, and subject is but tion; to be delivered in such quantities and as at times as may be required, the delivery to common at the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered to be delivered to the same on or before the 1st day of January, 1865.

Provided, that not less than fifty thousand (15 mm) pounds shall be delivered during each of the months, from July to December, 1864, inclusive.

3rd, POTATOES.

Two thousand (2,000) bushels of pushes, the deligery to commence on the lat day of July, 18th, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 20th day of November, 1864. The delivery to be made at the Cammissary Warchouse, in Great Salt Lake City, or at Camp Douglas, as the Commissary may direct.

4th, SALT.

4th, SALT.

Two hundred and fifty (250) bushes of A fet I no boiled sait, in sacks, delivered on or before the lat my of November, 1864, at the Commissary Warehome, provided that at least twenty-five (25) bushes be divered during each of the mouthe of July, Argust as September, 1864.

Salt and Potators will be estimated and hif are it he rate of sixty (60) pounds to the bushel.

Payment will be made in such funds as the foverment may have on hand for distribution.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the fulfillment of the contract or contracts, and the man of sureties must accompany each hid.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

In all cause except that of Fresh Boef, bits will be entertained for furnishing the whole or a part of the above named articles; provides such part shall as is less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds Figure, in hundred and fifty (250) bushes Potators, fift (ii) bushels of Salt, and each bid must state specifically he articles and amount proposed to be delivered as its price.

The Government reserves to itself the right to rest

price.
The Government reserves to itself the right to rest
any or all bids.
Bidders are invited to be present at the speing of
the proposals at the office of the undersigned, at 17, 15,
on Friday, the 20th day of May, 1864.
Bids will be addressed (through Pust-Office or eller
wise) to Capt. Chas. H. Hempstend, C. S., Grest SelfLake City, U. T., and endorsed Proposals for "Bed,"
"Flour," "Potatoes" or "Salt," as the case may be.
CHAS. H. HEMPSTRAD,
Capt. and Commissary of Subsistence, District of Unit

Quartermaster's Department, U.S.A. Proposals for Fuel and Forest.